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## Council responsibilities

Council responsibilities are listed in this section, which also shows who carries them out. Anything not listed in this section is an executive responsibility.

Officers who have had something delegated to them (and those officers who manage them) can authorise officers they line manage or other officers with the relevant skills and responsibilities to do it on their behalf (unless it was delegated on condition that they do it themselves) but will remain responsible and accountable for the exercise of the delegated function.

Legislation referred to in this section includes any amendments, re-enactments or subordinate legislation.

Decisions that relate to the ownership and management of Port Meadow and Wolvercote Common, including access, works, agricultural and public activities will be subject to consultation and agreement with the Freemen and Commoners having regard to their respective rights over the Meadow and Common.

## Budget and policy framework

### Description of responsibility

The budget, including decisions to allocate money to services and projects, set up contingency funds, set the Council Tax base, set the Council Tax, control the Council’s borrowing requirement, control capital spending, set a limit on the amount that can be transferred between cost centres and agree the treasury management strategy.

The policy framework includes any policies required to be agreed by Council under the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 and those that the Council chooses to adopt as part of the policy framework. The budget and policy framework includes the following:

* Corporate Strategy
* Budget and Medium Term Financial Plan (including the Capital Programme and Housing Revenue Account Business Plan)
* Allocations Scheme
* Asset Management Plan
* Capital Strategy
* Community Engagement Policy Statement
* Development Plan documents
* Housing and Homelessness Strategy
* Housing Asset Management Strategy
* Tenancy Strategy and Tenancy Policy
* Treasury Management Strategy (including the Borrowing Strategy, Investment Strategy and Minimum Revenue Position Statement)
* Sustainability Strategy
* Vibrant Active Oxford Strategy

### Who carries out the responsibility?

* Council.

## Planning

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph A and column (1) of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 (as amended), and

1. the power to deal with agreements under s.278 of the Highways Act 1980;
2. the duty to deal with complaints about high hedges under Part 8 of the Anti-Social Behaviour Act 2003;
3. the power to preserve trees under the Sections 197 to 214D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), the Town and Country Planning (Tree Preservation) (England) Regulations 2012;
4. the power to authorise the stopping up or diversion of rights of way under Section 257 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990;
5. the power to protect important hedgerows under the Hedgerows Regulations 1997; and
6. the power to authorise rights of entry under section 324 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, sections 88 and 88A of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 and sections 36 and 36A of the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

**Council** will be responsible for:

* Development plan documents
* Making a neighbourhood plan

AreaPlanning Committee~~s~~ will be responsible for:

* deciding planning applications for more than five residential units or for residential developments on sites with a site area of over 0.25 hectares
* deciding planning applications for non-residential developments on sites over 1 hectares
* deciding planning applications for non-residential developments with new or increased floor space of more than 1,000m2
* deciding planning applications made by or on behalf of councillors or officers
* deciding planning applications that would otherwise be decided by officers that have been called in by councillors during the initial 21-day consultation period or during subsequent periods of consultation resulting from a significant change to material planning considerations (Part 17.3)
* agreeing significant amendments to approved plans subsequent to the grant of planning permission or listed building consent
* deciding listed building consent applications for total or substantial demolition of listed buildings
* deciding planning applications or applications under condition for phone masts where there are objections (except applications that can go ahead, unless the Council refuses them within 56 days)
* confirming and revoking tree preservation orders when there are objections
* dealing with complaints about high hedges when the hedge is on the Council’s land or land occupied by a councillor or officer or when the complaint has come from a councillor or officer.
* deciding whether to register one or more candidate heritage assets having regard to the Council’s adopted criteria

Whether or not any of the preceding applies, determining applications under development order conditions which provide that the relevant development may proceed in the absence of a determination are not carried out by AreaPlanning Committee~~s~~ and are to be dealt with by the Head of Planning Services.

Where a planning application straddles area planning committee boundaries the area planning committee with the majority of the application site will determine the application.

The Planning Review Committee decides planning applications that have been called in by any twelve councillors or the Head of Planning Services following consideration by AreaPlanning Committees (Part 17.3).

The Head of Planning Services has responsibility for all other functions within 5.3(a) including but not limited to:

1. deciding applications to renew a planning permission where there has been no change of circumstances;
2. deciding applications for certificates of lawful proposed or existing development including those submitted by councillors or officers as these are legal determinations;
3. authorising the completion of agreements made pursuant to section 106 and 106A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) and associated legislation as well as Deeds of Variation, Supplementation and Discharge of such agreements;
4. In relation to appeals against non-determination, formulating the Council’s response to the application; and
5. the allocation of Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) monies where planning consent requires a CIL contribution of up to £500,000

At regular intervals the Council will advise any Neighbourhood Forum how much is in the neighbourhood CIL pot for their area and ask how it would wish the Council to allocate this. The Forum should then consult on its proposed CIL allocations which should include consultation with ward councillors.

1. approval of the Council’s flag flying consent under the advertisement consent regime (Town and Country Planning (Control of Advertisements) (England) Regulations 2007
2. consulting on amendments to conservation areas; to include consultation with local ward members.

## Licensing of alcohol, entertainment and late night refreshment

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in the Licensing Act 2003

### Who carries out the responsibilities?

Council sets policies on licensing.

The Licensing and Gambling Acts Committee:

* reviews and recommends policies on licensing to Council
* reviews and recommends to Council fees and charges as necessary in line with the relevant legislation
* appoints licensing and gambling acts casework sub-committees to:
* decide whether to give, change to transfer premises licences or club registration certificates when there are objections
* decide whether to give a temporary premises licence to a replacement licence holder when there are objections
* review premises licences and club registration certificates after a closure order
* decide valid applications for a review of a premises licence or club registration certificate
* deal, when there are objections, with applications for a statement saying the Council expects to give a licence to premises that are yet to be built or converted
* decide whether to prevent one-off events when there are objections from the police
* decide applications to change the premises supervisor or appoint a temporary supervisor when there are objections from the police
* decide applications for personal licences when there are objections from the police
* decide whether to withdraw a personal licence on hearing of a conviction
* respond to consultation on an application by another body that gives licences.

The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety has responsibility for everything else within the Licensing Act 2003.

## Licensing of gambling

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in the Gambling Act 2005.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Council sets policies on licensing.

The Licensing and Gambling Acts Committee:

* reviews and recommends policies on licensing to Council
* reviews and recommends to Council fees and charges as necessary in line with the relevant legislation
* appoints licensing and gambling acts casework sub-committees to:
* deal, when there are objections, with premises licence applications, changes and transfers
* review premises licences
* deal, when there are objections, with applications for a statement saying the Council expects to give a licence to premises that are yet to be built, converted or occupied
* decide whether to prevent temporary events or uses when there are objections
* deal, when there are objections, with applications for club gaming, or club machine permits and cancellation of such permits
* deal, when there are police objections or officers would want to refuse them, with applications for prize gaming permits
* deal with anything else that needs a hearing or that cannot legally be delegated to officers

The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety has responsibility for everything else within the Gambling Act 2005.

## Taxi and private hire and other vehicle licensing

### Description of responsibility

All the taxi and private hire and other vehicle licensing responsibilities in Paragraph B of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibilities?

Council sets policies on taxi and private hire and other vehicle licensing.

The General Purposes Licensing Committee:

* reviews and recommends policies on taxi and private hire and other vehicle licensing to Council
* reviews and recommends to Council fees and charges as necessary in line with the relevant legislation
* appoints a General Purposes Licensing Casework Sub-committee to:
* deal with cases concerning applicants for or holders of taxi, private hire or other drivers or vehicle licences brought to the sub-committee by officers
* decide taxi and private hire and other vehicle, driver and operator licence applications when the applicant has been issued with a “minded to refuse notice” and has requested a hearing withdraw and suspend licences for taxis and private hire and other vehicles and their drivers and operators.

The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety has responsibility for everything else including the immediate suspension of taxi and private hire drivers’ licences in the interests of public safety and issuing a minded to refuse notice.

## Other licensing and registration functions

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph B of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 except taxi and private hire and other vehicle licensing.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Council sets policies on licensing and registration.

The General Purposes Licensing Committee:

* reviews and recommends policies on licensing and registration to Council
* reviews and recommends to Council fees and charges as necessary in line with the relevant legislation
* agrees a charity collections scheme
* appoints a General Purposes Licensing Casework Sub-committee to:
* decide sex establishment licence applications when there are objections
* decide street trading applications that are for longer than three months
* decide applications to renew street trading permission when there has been a complaint about the trader or the trader has broken the conditions of their street trading permission in the past year or where there is competition for a vacant approved site.

The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety has responsibility for everything else.

## Health and safety at work

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph C of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibilities?

The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety.

## Functions relating to the name and status of areas and individuals

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph E of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Council.

## Functions relating to community governance

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph EB of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Council.

## Byelaws

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph F of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Council.

## Power to promote or oppose local or personal bills

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph G of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Council.

## Pensions

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in Paragraph H of Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

The Chief Executive.

An officer authorised by the Chief Executive will act as the Council’s adjudicator to determine first stage appeals in respect of decisions under the Adjudication of Disagreements Procedure operated by the Pensions Service.

## Ban on smoking in public places

### Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in the Health Act 2006.

### Who carries out the responsibility?

Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety.

## Power to enter into an agreement to create a public path on Council owned land

(a) Description of responsibility

All the responsibilities in section 25 of the Highways Act 1980

(b) Who carries out the responsibility?

Executive Director for Development

## Other Council responsibilities

| **No** | **Responsibilities** | **Legislation** | **Carried out by** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | Power to appoint staff and to set their terms and conditions (including procedures for dismissing them) | Local Government Act 1972, Section 112  | Subject to the Employment Rules (Part 20) Appointments Committee appoints Executive Directors and Assistant Chief Executives and recommends to Council appointments of the Chief Executive and designation of Head of Paid Service, Chief Finance Officer and Monitoring Officer.The Chief Executive, Assistant Chief Executive or any Executive Directors can appoint Heads of Service and put in place arrangements for staffing including redesign, restructures and allocation of responsibilities. The Assistant Chief Executive and Executive Directors can only make such arrangements *subject to budget approval*in relation to their own areas of responsibility. Heads of Service appoint everyone else (except Chief Executive appoints where a contract for personal services is used)Council sets collective terms and conditions, to include the Disciplinary Policy and Procedure, other than pay which is delegated to the Chief Executive to implement in respect of all staff, other than the Chief Executive’s own pay and that of any Assistant Chief Executive and Executive Directors, in accordance with national or local pay award/review schemes. Deciding upon the salary of the Chief Executive, Assistant Chief Executives and Executive Directors is the responsibility of the Appointments CommitteeThe Chief Executive, Assistant Chief Executive, Executive Directors and Heads of Service may manage their staff and take any disciplinary action necessary in accordance with the Disciplinary Policy and Procedure subject to the Employment Rules  |
| 2 | Power to make standing orders | Local Government Act 1972, Section 106 and paragraph 42 of Schedule 12  | Council |
| 3 | Power to make contract rules | Local Government Act 1972, Section135 | Council |
| 4 | Duty to arrange proper financial administration | Local Government Act 1972, Section 151 | Chief Finance Officer |
| 5 | Duty to designate Head of Paid Service and provide resources | Local Government and Housing Act 1989, Section 4(1) | Council (but Appointments Committee makes a recommendation) |
| 6 | Duty to designate Monitoring Officer and provide resources | Local Government and Housing Act 1989, Section 5(1) | Council (but Appointments Committee makes a recommendation) |
| 7 | Powers relating to scrutiny committees (voting rights of co-opted members) | Local Government Act 2000, paragraph 12 and 14 of Schedule 1 | Council |
| 8 | Power to appoint proper officers  | Local Government Act 1972, Section 270(3) | Head of Law and Governance |
| 9 | Power to issue a closing order to a takeaway food shop | Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act1989 1982, Section 4 | Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety |
| 10 | Powers to protect important hedgerows | The Hedgerows Regulations 1997 | Head of Planning Services |
| 11 | Power to apply for an enforcement order against unlawful works on common land | Commons Act 2006, Section 4 | Head of Planning Services |
| 12 | Power to protect unclaimed register to common land and unclaimed town or village greens against unlawful interference | Commons Act 2006, Section 45(2)(a) | Head of Planning Services |
| 13 | Power to institute proceedings for offences in support of unclaimed registered common land and unclaimed town or village greens | Commons Act 2006, Section 45 (2)(b) | Head of Planning Services |
| 14 | Duty to provide resources to a person named by the Monitoring Officer | Local Government Act 2000, Sections 82A (4) and (5) | Council |
| 15 | Power to provide compensation when there has been maladministration | Local Government Act 2000, Section 92 | Chief Executive |
| 16 | Power to make an order identifying a place as a public place for the purposes of police powers to deal with street drinking | Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001, Section 13(2) | Council |
| 17 | Duty to appoint an electoral registration officer | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 8(2) | Council |
| 18 | Power to provide the officers the electoral registration officer needs | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 52(4) | Electoral Registration Officer |
| 19 | Parish and parish council responsibilities | Local Government and Rating Act 1997, Part II | Electoral Registration Officer |
| 20 | Power to dissolve small parish councils | Local Government Act 1972, Section 10 | Council |
| 21 | Power to make orders for grouping parishes, dissolving groups or separating parishes from groups | Local Government Act 1972, Section 11 | Council |
| 22 | Duty to appoint Returning Officer for local government elections | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 35 | Council |
| 23 | Duty to help in European parliamentary elections | European Parliamentary Elections Act 1978, Paragraph 4(3) and 4(4) of Schedule 1 | Returning Officer |
| 24 | Duty to divide constituency into polling districts | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 18 | Council |
| 25 | Power to divide electoral divisions into polling districts at local government elections | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 31 | Council |
| 26 | Powers to do with holding elections | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 39(4) | Returning Officer |
| 27 | Power to pay electoral registration officer’s expenses | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 54 | Council |
| 28 | Power to fill empty seats on parish councils when there are not enough nominations | Representation of the People Act 1983, Section 21 | Returning Officer |
| 29 | Duty to declare vacancy in office | Local Government Act 1972, Sections 86 | Returning Officer |
| 30 | Duty to give notice of a casual vacancy | Local Government Act 1972, Section 87 | Returning Officer |
| 31 | Power to make temporary appointments to parish Councils | Local Government Act 1972, Section 91 | Returning Officer |
| 32 | Power to make proposals for pilot schemes for local elections | Representation of the People Act 2000, Section 10 | Council |
| 33 | Duty to consult on change of scheme for elections | Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, Sections 33(2), 38(2) and 40(2) | Council |
| 34 | Duties relating to certain publicity in relation to electoral matters | Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, Sections 35, 41 and 52 | Council |
| 35 | Duties relating to notice to Electoral Commission | Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, Section 53 | Council |
| 36 | Functions relating to change of name of an electoral area | Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, Section 59 | Council |
| 37 | Power to alter years of ordinary elections of parish councillors | Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, Section 53 | Council |